

ALWAYS ANTICIPATE

ADRA Asia www.adraasia.org





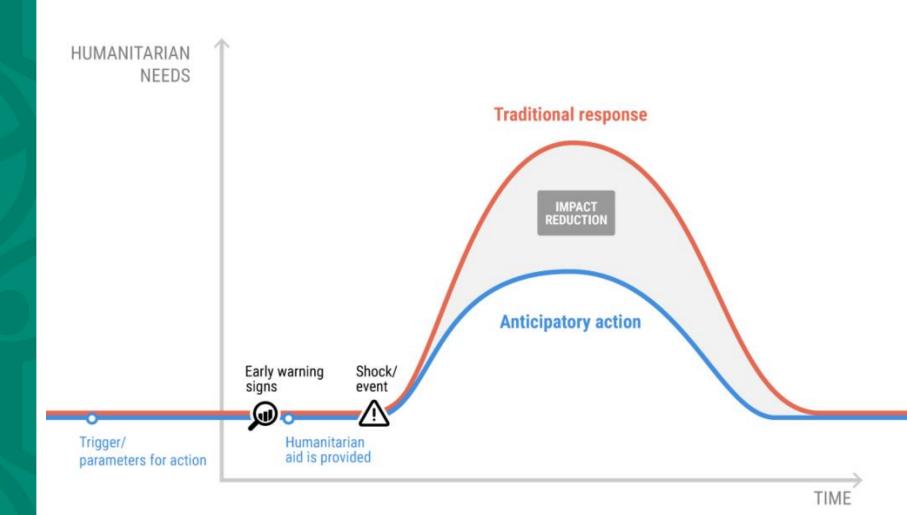
Advice needed! A collaborative feedback session to strengthen Anticipatory Action

Anticipatory Action



Anticipatory action refers to actions taken to reduce the humanitarian impacts of a forecast hazard before it occurs, or before its most acute impacts are felt. The decision to act is based on a forecast, or collective risk analysis, of when, where and how the event will unfold (IFRC 2020).





OCHA

EAP



An "Early Action Protocol" (EAP) in the context of Anticipatory Action in emergency preparedness is a detailed plan that outlines specific actions to be taken once predefined triggers indicate an imminent disaster. The EAP includes:

1.Triggers: The specific thresholds or indicators that signal the need for early action, often based on predictive data such as weather forecasts or other early warning systems.

2.Actions: A set of predefined, actionable steps to be taken to mitigate the anticipated impact of the disaster. These can include evacuation procedures, distribution of relief supplies, reinforcement of infrastructure, or other measures tailored to the type of disaster expected.

3.Roles and Responsibilities: Clearly defined roles and responsibilities for all stakeholders involved, including government agencies, non-governmental organizations, community groups, and other relevant actors.

4.Resources and Logistics: Allocation of necessary resources, such as funding, personnel, equipment, and logistics, to ensure the timely and effective implementation of the early actions.

5.Coordination and Communication: Mechanisms for coordination and communication among all involved parties to ensure a unified and efficient response.

The purpose of an EAP is to ensure that there is a structured and proactive approach to disaster risk reduction, enabling communities and responders to act swiftly and effectively based on reliable predictive information. This approach aims to reduce the potential damage and suffering caused by disasters through timely and organized early actions.

Trigger



"trigger" refers to a predefined threshold or set of conditions that, once met, prompt the activation of specific early actions aimed at mitigating the impacts of an imminent disaster.

These triggers are based on predictive information, such as weather forecasts, early warning systems, or other indicators, and are designed to initiate timely and effective interventions before the disaster strikes.

The goal of these triggers is to minimize harm, reduce losses, and enhance the resilience of affected communities by ensuring that preparedness and response actions are taken in advance.

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ADRA's Journey



- Offices piloting Anticipatory Action.
 - Indonesia.
 - Timor Leste.
 - The Philippines.
 - India.
 - Mozambique.
 - Somalia.
 - DRC and Ethiopia this year.

• We are on a learning journey. Currently we have:

- Set up an AA Team in Asia which will coordinate with African offices.
- Funding is available to set up EAPs.
- Funding is set aside to support a NEMP activation if trigger parameters are met.

NEMP activation



National Emergency Management Plan

3. Response Plan	
3.1 R	esponse Criteria
The pur	pose of this section is to identify what the initial triggers (criteria) are for the activation of the NEMP. Please refer to the NEMP guidance notes for additional information
ADRA	Thailand will respond to emergencies by activating one of the intervention scenarios if the following criteria are met:
1	Has occurred within the last 48 hours
2	Is located in the provinces of Chiang Mai, Chiang Rai, Lampang, Lamphun, Phayao, Mae Hong Son, and southern Thailand
3	The affected population is identified as having the following immediate needs: shelter, household care kit, and food
4	Where the country office capacity/capability exists: meaning - reachable with the resources available within a reasonable amount of time (48 hours); a suitable person can be identified to be on site during the response (responsible personnel with some management experience and trustworthy to carry out the intervention).
5	USD2,500 is available locally, ADRA Asia Regional Office has committed USD2,500, and ADRA International agreed to contribute USD10,000 to the response.
6	More than 1,000 people affected by the emergency.
7	The intervention is helping at least 100 families and the total intervention cost is at least USD 5,000 but not exceeding USD 15,000.
8	
9	
10	

In case of an anticipatory action, pre-identified EAP triggers are met.



Exercise



Please review the tool and provide comments.



More information

